

- (1) Blindness refers to a condition where a person suffers from any of the following conditions, namely:- (a) Total absence of sight; or (b) Visual acuity not exceeding 6/60 or 20/200 (Snellen) in the better eye with correcting lenses; or (c) limitation of the field of vision subtending an angle of 20 degree or worse;
- (2) Person with low vision means a person with impairment of visual functioning even after treatment or standard refractive correction, but who uses or is potentially capable of using vision for the planning or execution of a task with appropriate assistive device;
- (3) Hearing impairment means loss of sixty decibels or more in the better ear in the conversational range of frequencies.
- (4) Locomotor disability means disability of the bones, joints or muscles leading to substantial restriction of the movement of the limbs or any form of cerebral palsy.
- (5) Leprosy cured:- means any person who has been cured of Leprosy, but is suffering from, (i) Loss of sensation in hands or feet as well as loss of sensation & paresis in the eye & eyelid, but with no manifest deformity; (ii) manifest deformity & paresis but having sufficient mobility in their hands & feet to enable them to engage in normal economic activity; (iii) extreme physical deformity as well as advanced age which prevents him from undertaking any gainful occupation; and the expression "Leprosy cured" shall be construed accordingly;
- (6) Mental Retardation:- means a condition of arrested or incomplete development of mind of a person who is specially characterised by sub normality of intelligence;
- (7) Mental Illness:- means any mental disorder other than mental retardation.